

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name: R216 OPEN GEAR LUBRICANT

Article number: R216

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier: Tygris Industrial

Unit 31

Kyle Road Industrial Estate

Irvine Ayshire KA12 8LE

Tel +44 (0) 1294 311 066 Fax +44 (0) 1294 277 115

Email technical@tygrisindustrial.com

Further information obtainable from:

Technical Department

1.4 Emergency telephone

number:

Tel +44 (0) 1294 311 066

2. Hazards identification

2.1 Classification (1999/45/

EEC)

F+;R12. R52/53.

2.2 Labelling



Extremely flammable

Risk Phrases R12 Extremely flammable.

R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

Safety Phrases S16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

S51 Use only in well-ventilated areas.

S60 This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

S2 Keep out of the reach of children. S23 Do not breathe vapour/spray



3. Composition/information on ingredients

BUTANE	5-10%
CAS-No.: 106-97-8	EC No.: 203-448-7
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Gas 1 - H220	Classification (67/548/EEC) F+;R12
ISOBUTANE	1-5%
CAS-No.: 75-28-5	EC No.: 200-857-2
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Gas 1 - H220	Classification (67/548/EEC) F+;R12
MINERAL OIL (REFINED)	10-30%
CAS-No.: 64742-52-5	EC No.: 265-155-0
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Not classified	Classification (67/548/EEC) Not classified
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) , HYDROTREATED LIGHT	5-10%
CAS-No.: 64742-49-0	EC No.: 265-151-9
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	Classification (67/548/EEC) Xn;R65. Xi;R38. F;R11. N;R51/53. R67
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) , HYDROTREATED HEAVY	1-5%
CAS-No.: 64742-48-9	EC No.: 265-150-3
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Not classified	Classification (67/548/EEC) Xn;R65. R10,R66
PROPANE	10-30%
CAS-No.: 74-98-6	EC No.: 200-827-9
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Gas 1 - H220	Classification (67/548/EEC) F+;R12
WHITE SPIRIT	10-30%
CAS-No.: 64742-82-1	EC No.: 265-185-4
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 EUH066 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	Classification (67/548/EEC) Xn;R65. N;R51/53. R10,R66

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16



4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any

discomfort continues

Inhalation Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. When breathing is difficult, properly

trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Keep the

affected person warm and at rest. Get prompt medical attention.

Ingestion DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Rinse mouth thoroughly with water and give large

amounts of milk or water to people not unconscious. Get medical attention if any

discomfort continues.

Skin contact Wash the skin immediately with soap and water. Get medical attention if any

discomfort continues

Eye contact Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Promptly

wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids.

Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort

continues.

5. Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing Media Use: Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Water spray, fog or mist.

5.2 Unusual Fire & **Explosion Hazards:** Aerosol cans may explode in a fire

5.3 Special Fire Fighting

Procedures:

Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to

keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.

6. Accidental release measures

containment and cleaning up

6.1 Methods and material for Wear necessary protective equipment. Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid

sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Let evaporate.

Keep out of confined spaces because of explosion risk. If leakage cannot be

stopped, evacuate area.

7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapours. Use approved respirator if air

contamination is above accepted level.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C



8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Name	STD	TWA - 8 Hrs		STEL - 15 Min	
BUTANE	WEL	600 ppm	1450 mg/m3	750 ppm	1810 mg/m3
ISOBUTANE	WEL	800 ppm		800 ppm	
MINERAL OIL (REFINED)			5 mg/m3		10 mg/m3
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT			1200 mg/m3	60 ppm	216 mg/m3
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY			1000 mg/m3		
WHITE SPIRIT			600 mg/m3		
XYLENE	WEL	50 ppm(Sk)	220 mg/m3(Sk)	100 ppm(Sk)	441 mg/m3(Sk)

Ingredient Comments

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

8.1 Protective Equipment





Engineering measures: Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation

Respiratory equipment No specific recommendation made, but respiratory protection must be used if

the general level exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. Use

chemical cartridge protection with appropriate cartridge

Hand protection Use protective gloves

Eye protection Use approved safety goggles or face shield

Other Protection Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated

or prolonged vapour contact

8.2 Hygiene measures DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash hands at the end of each work shift and

before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that

becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Aerosol
Colour: Black

Odour: Characteristic.

Solubility Insoluble in water

Flammability Limit -

Lower(%)

8.0

Flammability Limit -

Upper(%)

9.0



10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Chemical stability Stable under normal temperature conditions

10.2 Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with: Strong

oxidising agents. Strong alkalis. Strong mineral acids.

10.3 Hazardous

Fire creates: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide

Decomposition Products: (CO2).

11. Toxicological information

Inhalation May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapours may cause headache,

fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may

damage respiratory system

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting.

Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach.

Skin contact Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation. Acts as a defatting

agent on skin. May cause cracking of skin, and eczema

Eye contact Irritating to eyes. May cause chemical eye burns

Route of entry Inhalation. Skin and/or eye contact

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses.

13. Disposal considerations

waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements

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14. Transport information

 UN No. (ADR/RID/ADN)
 1950

 UN No. (IMDG)
 1950

 UN No. (ICAO)
 1950

Proper Shipping Name AEROSOLS

ADR/RID/ADN Class 2

ADR/RID/ADN Class Class 2: Gases

ADR Label No. 2.1

IMDG Class 2.1

ICAO Class/Division 2.1

ADR/RID/ADN Packing N/A

group

IMDG Packing group N/A
ICAO Packing group N/A

EMS F-D, S-U

Tunnel Restriction Code (D)

15. Regulatory information

UK Regulatory References The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002.

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002

Statutory Instruments The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002.

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002

Approved Code Of Practice Classification and Labelling of Substances and Preparations Dangerous for

Supply

Guidance Notes Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

Introduction to Local Exhaust Ventilation HS(G)37.

CHIP for everyone HSG(108).



16. Other information

Risk Phrases In Full R12 Extremely flammable.

R10 Flammable.

R20/21 Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.

R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R11 Highly flammable R38 Irritating to skin.

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness

Hazard Statements In Full EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H220 Extremely flammable gas. H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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